

The Compiler.

W. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
GETTYSBURG, PA.
MONDAY MORNING, NOV. 6, 1865.

PROFIT SETTLEMENTS.

The publication of *The Compiler* costs more than double now what it did before the war, whilst every dollar's worth of material required must be paid cash. Having but a limited "working capital," we are compelled to ask prompt settlements. Such is the rule in business matters generally, and it should be especially so in the newspaper line. No other business suffers more by protracted settlements, because in none others are the accounts so widely scattered.

Paper is again going up—indeed, has already reached an enormous figure—and no matter how high it may go, we must have it. Whilst we are, then, sparing no expense to meet the wants of our patrons, it is unreasonable that we ask payments as promptly as we are compelled to make them.

"Dunning" is always unpleasant, but the large daily demands upon us leave no other course. All who owe for subscription, advertising and jobbing, will be performing a duty, and conferring a favor, by paying up without delay.

State Committee Meeting.

The Democratic State Central Committee will meet at the Buelher House, in Harrisburg, on the 21st inst. A full attendance is specially requested. This looks like going to work early and in earnest, which we are glad to see.

An Early Convention and Thorough Organization.

The *Age* advocates the holding of the Democratic State Convention, for the nomination of a candidate for Governor, on the 4th of March next. We "second the motion." Give the party time for thorough organization, and it will carry the State. Let us have an active canvass—a general stirring up—reaching the popular mind and the popular heart everywhere. The Convention in March, should be followed by a great State Mass Meeting, at some central point, in June, or on the fourth of July, to ratify the nomination, and from this gathering that enthusiasm which always leads to activity, would go out and spread, firing up the whole Commonwealth, and leading to victory in October. So believing, we urge this, or a similar course, upon the attention of the State Central Committee.

Thankings.

President Johnson has appointed Thursday, the 7th of December, as a day of National Thanksgiving. The proclamation of the President meets with universal approval, and already have several of the Governors of the States named the same day. The rest will doubtless follow—a course which should always be taken.

Important from Washington.

A special Washington dispatch in Friday's *Sun* says Stanton must soon go out of the Cabinet—and that a number of radicals who visited Washington to lampoon the President into crazy measures, have gone home in great rage. Good!

The Border Sufferers.

The following, from the *Lancaster Intelligencer*, will afford rather comfort to such of the Border Sufferers as allowed themselves to be influenced by Republican promises at the late election:

Before the election, Hon. Thaddeus Stevens went over to Gettysburg and made a speech in favor of paying the border people for the losses they sustained during the war. He did this to secure votes for the Republican candidates, and we do not doubt that his speech produced much effect. Now that the election is over, the *Express*, one of Mr. Stevens' organs in Lancaster, publishes an article on the subject of "War Damages," in which it is said that "Congress must set its face as flint against them all."

The worst feature of this article in the *Express* is its reflection on the patriotism and courage of the people of Pennsylvania. It injures them by denying them the right to compensation for damages, and then insults them in the following terms:

"It was the misfortune of the Pennsylvanians that they lived where Lee could get at them, not to say their fault that they sat tamely down and awaited his coming, with little or no preparation for resistance."

It affords us much pleasure to publish the fact that our friend Wm. S. Stenger, Esq., has been re-elected District Attorney of Franklin County. His majority on the home vote was 8, which the soldier vote reduced to 3. He was sworn in on Wednesday.

Brig. Gen. Charles T. Campbell, of Chambersburg, who was mustered out under the order promulgated some time ago, honorably discharging a large number of general officers, has been reinstated by order of the War Department.

At a recent sale of the personal property of the estate of Maria Eickelberger, dec'd., in Hanover, 72 shares of stock in the Hanover Savings Fund Society were sold at prices ranging from \$18.25 to \$18.50. The par value is \$10.00.

The Democratic gain in five States is about one hundred thousand votes this year. This will go to begin with. Another hundred thousand gain next year will elect a conservative Congress and place the country "all right."

The most outrageous persecution of Catholic priests is going on in Missouri, under the rule of the godless radicals. A number of priests, who have been preaching politics nor sympathized with the rebellion, have been arrested. Some have been held to bail, some fined, and others imprisoned among burglars and other vile characters, for merely refusing to obtain, from the radical infidels, a license to preach the gospel!

In Montgomery county, Md., the Democrats have adopted resolutions in favor of sustaining President Johnson's restoration policy, opposing negro suffrage, thanking Hon. M. Blair and E. P. Blair, Esq., for their open, active and absolute denunciation of the Registry law, and its friends and supporters.

The rebel Gen. Longstreet passed through Harrisburg on his way to Washington, the other day.

GROSS OFFRAGE.

Infamous Republican Fraud in Philadelphia.

A most shameless fraud has been perpetrated by Republicans in Philadelphia in the return of soldier votes. The *Age* gives the particulars, as follows:

The returns of the so-called army vote in the election for City Commissioners bear upon their face the most unmistakable evidence of fraud, and yet the election of John Given by that vote has been certified by a majority of the Return Judges.

Let us examine some of the circumstances connected with these alleged returns of votes from the army. In the first place, returns are said to have been received from eight companies of the 19th Pennsylvania Cavalry. Now, this regiment was consolidated into a battalion more than six months since, and hence there are not now eight companies in this regiment which returns could be received. In the second place, the number of votes said to have been cast in many of the companies forbids the idea that the returns are genuine. One company is set down as having polled 86 votes, another company in the same force is credited with 70, while company I, heavy artillery, is marked as having deposited 78 votes. Now, no one who has the slightest knowledge of the number in which these companies have been reduced in active service will believe that they polled anything like this number of votes. The fraud here is beyond question.

Again, the manner of making the returns shows that the whole thing is a duplicate of the celebrated "Schimmelfening fraud" of 1861. The envelopes in which the alleged returns were received are all of the same size and pattern, and the address is written in the same hand, although some purport to have been made up in Virginia and some in Louisiana. More than this, they bear the postmarks of Washington and New York alone, and the date is the 25th of October. Now, no steamer from New Orleans or any Southern port that could bring returns from the regiments stationed at or near Baton Rouge arrived at New York on that day, or within three days preceding the date of the mailing of these alleged returns. Here is additional and conclusive evidence of fraud.

This is one of the most shameless attempts to set at naught the will of the people and trample on the elective franchise that we have ever known. The certificate has been awarded to Mr. Given, but the whole matter will undergo an investigation before a judicial tribunal, and the address will be discovered and properly punished. An example must be made, if we would preserve the purity of the franchise, and thus maintain our free institutions.

This fraud is so bold and glaring as to startle even Republicans themselves. Several of the journals of that party, seeing no hope of its justification, denounce it in the strongest terms.

That the Democracy have been cheated in this way for several years, we have always believed—and believe it now more fixedly than ever.

"Abolish slavery," the radicals used to say, "and agitation about the negro will cease." A great many good natured, credulous people believed them, but have at length found out their mistake. The radicals declare that "slavery is dead," but they dish up Sumter, as a subject of agitation, in a new form. They now want to make him a voter, and threaten to prolong "the irrepressible conflict" unless this scheme to degrade the white man and the white man's ballot is carried out. But they must not rest content with even that.

"We must admit the negro to the Senate and the Social Circle," exclaimed S. S. Foster, at an Abolition meeting recently held in Boston. This is what the radicals are aiming at, and as soon as they can succeed thus far in their programme, the next step in order will be amalgamation and miscegenation. So we go from bad to worse.

Continued Agitation.

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The House Clerk's Position Defined.

By the law passed at the last session of Congress, the Clerk of the House, holding over from the last Congress, on reading the roll of members qualified to go into the election of a Speaker, is restricted to "those only who shall have been regularly elected under the laws of Congress or the several States." It is now said, upon radical Republican authority, that Mr. McPherson, the Clerk of the last Congress, upon whom will devolve the initial authority, as its presiding officer, in the organization of the new House, has declared that he will not place upon the official list of members, any person claiming to be elected from a State that has been in rebellion against the Government, inasmuch as he regards any such person as not coming within the pale of the foresaid law. If such is the decision of Mr. McPherson, we know where he belongs, and that he is the radical candidate for a re-election.—N. Y. Herald.

"Coming Out from the Foul Party!"

The World gives the following list of distinguished gentlemen, principally citizens of the State of New York, who have abandoned the so-called "Union party" and are now acting with the only true Union party in the country, the Democratic party:

MONTGOMERY BLAIR, late Postmaster General under President Lincoln.
ROBERTSON, present Comptroller of this State.
MARTIN GROVER, Supreme Court Justice.
HENRY W. SLOCUM, Major General U. S. Army.
JOHN COCHRAN, present Attorney General of the State of New York.
DANIEL E. SICKLES, Major General U. S. Army.
JOHN W. EDMONDS, of New York, late Judge Supreme Court.
JUDGE BARTLOW, of Madison, ex-State Senator.
ROBERT CAMPBELL, of Steuben, late Republican Lieutenant Governor of New York.

HON. THOMAS B. CARROLL, of Rensselaer, ex-Senator and Canal Appraiser.
D. D. TOMPKINS MARSHALL, late Naval Officer, New York.

If the leaders thus abandon the Republicans, what is to become of the rank and file?

Emerson Eberidge, of Tennessee, has been acquitted of whatever it was that was laid to his charge. The *New York Tribune*, surprising as it may seem, says "we are heartily glad of it. Eberidge is a sorcerer and a Copperhead, but he has done nothing deserving of conviction and punishment. Henceforth, we treat our military servants with the respect and propriety to play 'fantastic tricks.' The price is just, and arbitrary arrests of civilians are (or should be) played out."

The boiler of a steamboat exploded at New York on Sunday morning, by which fifteen persons lost their lives. The scene is described as heart-rending in the extreme.

Hon. Jas. L. Orr has been elected Governor of South Carolina by 500 majority. Governor Perry has been chosen Senator for the long term.

A Prediction.

Governor Brownlow, of Tennessee, in a recent letter to the *Knoxville Whig*, expresses the opinion that illness, starvation and disease will remove from the sphere of mortal existence the majority of the negroes of this generation, and that the whole race, in this country, will gradually melt away and become extinct, like the Indians. This has been the opinion of all sensible men, who looked at the question from a conservative standpoint, for the last two or three years, and our only marvel is that Parson Brownlow, who has been so badly afflicted with "nigger on the brain," should have got his eyes opened at last. That the poor negroes will be the greatest sufferers in the long run, from forced emancipation, is just as certain as that night follows day. Inadvisable of taking care of themselves, their race is destined to dwindle and perish before the superior civilization, intelligence and energy of the white man. This has been the history of man in all ages of the world, and it is scarcely possible for the American negro to form an exception to the general rule.

As confirmatory of this view of the probable extinction of the negro by disease and starvation, we may give the following from the *New York Tribune* in relation to the negro in the District of Columbia:

"The most frightful mortality exists, as many as 200 negroes per week being furnished by the *Quarterly Mortality Department*, most of which are for children. In the opinion of physicians practicing among them, and of other close observers, that three-fourths of these children die from neglect and want. In the family of a soldier, who lost his life in battle, five out of the ten children have died since March, 1865, from the above causes. In another, three out of seven children, of a soldier drafted in December last, have starved to death within the last three weeks."

A Few Plain Facts.

In the following tables of prices is shown the "advantage" of the present condition of things as compared with what it was prior to the war. In 1860 you could go to a store and buy a bill of goods, and the storekeeper would make out your account as follows:

1 piece of muslin, 32 yards, at 12¢.....\$ 4.00
6 lbs. coffee at 12¢..... 75
24 yds. calico at 10¢..... 2.40
1 lb. pepper, at 10¢..... 10
10 lbs. sugar at 20¢..... 2.00
5 yds. Canton flannel at 75¢..... 3.75
1 silk handkerchief..... 3.00

Total.....\$9.80
Deduct bill of 1860..... 9.80

Difference.....\$0.00
This difference of \$0.00 you have now to pay because a fanatical and unprincipled party got the power of the Government into their hands—a party which rules only to ruin.

That's It!—In an article upon "Radicalism in a Quindary," the *Cleveland Plain Dealer* settles the position of the Democracy and the President, and lays out the radicals in the following brief and pungent sentences:

"We do not claim him as our man, nor are we to be committed to his uncompromising support. We shall not stop to bandy words with small politicians as to whether Mr. Johnson has come to us, or we have gone to Mr. Johnson. It is enough for us to know that he is the uncompromising foe of re-moulded radicalism, and enough for us to believe that he is too wise to be subservient to their wishes, and too firm to be turned from his purposes by their balful influence."

Editorial and Other Briefs.

The *Chicago Tribune* is anxious to have a Speaker of the next Congress who "will resist any encroachment by the Executive." The election of Congressmen in South Carolina will be held on November 15.

A steam tug exploded her boilers on Sunday at Norfolk, Va., killing five men.

The construction of railroads is rapidly progressing in Mexico.

The double track of the Northern Central Railway Company is being laid with rapidity. In a very short time it will be completed as far as Sunbury.

Ex-Gov. Neil S. Brown, of Tennessee, and Ex-Governor and ex-rebel Gen. Bonham, of South Carolina, have been pardoned.

Gov. Wells is organizing the State militia in Louisiana.

A Masonic delegation from South Carolina are about to visit their Northern Brethren.

The residence of Edward Everett was sold in Boston on Wednesday last for \$57,000.

The rebel General Buckner has turned editor, and assumed charge of the *New Orleans Crescent*.

The ex-rebel General Johnson has been elected President of the National Express Company at Richmond.

Joseph E. Worcester, of dictionary renown, died recently at Cambridge, Mass., aged 81.

A Fenian delegation has had an interview with President Johnson and thanked him for the release of John Mitchell.

Rev. Henry Slenk, a Mennonite preacher of Lancaster township, fell dead in his pulpit on Sunday, the 22d ult.

The cattle disease is reported in Montgomery county.

There is great destitution among the freedmen in Georgia.

The Liberals have been driven away from Matamoros.

A scarcity of food is feared in North Carolina.

John Mitchell has been released.

Many vessels have been wrecked by the late storm along the Atlantic coast.

There is a rumor in Washington that Chief Justice Chase will resign.

Business in Memphis is now almost as brisk as before the war.

Two men were murdered and robbed at Albany, N. Y., on Saturday week.

National Thanksgiving Day.

President Johnson has issued the following proclamation, appointing Thursday, December 7, as a day of National Thanksgiving:

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God during the year which is now coming to an end, to relieve our beloved country from the fearful scourge of civil war, and to permit us to secure the blessings of peace, unity, and harmony, with a great enlargement of civil liberty; and

Whereas, Our Heavenly Father has also during the year graciously averted from us the calamities of foreign war, pestilence and famine, while our granaries are full of the fruits of an abundant season; and

Whereas, "Righteousness exalteth a nation, while sin is a reproach to any people;"

Now, therefore, be it known that I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby recommend to the people of these United States, that on the first day of the month of December next, as a day of National Thanksgiving to the Creator of the Universe for these deliverances and blessings.

And I do further recommend that on that occasion the whole people use and give thanks to God for His mercies and His infinite goodness, and with one heart and one mind implore the Divine guidance in the ways of national virtue and holiness.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 28th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of the independence of the United States the sixtieth.

By the President:
Wm. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

The Next Congress.—A Washington correspondent of the *Edger* says an old politician in the Federal City gives him the following estimate of the "make up" of Congress, based upon the supposition that the Southern Representatives will be admitted, which he says "is daily less and less doubt will be the case": House—Opponents of the President 127; supporters of his policy 121; opposition majority 6; Senate—Opponents 38; supporters 34; opposition majority 4.

Judge Birlow, of Madison county, New York, has written a letter in support of the Democratic State ticket. Until recently he had been a prominent member of the Republican party, but like many others he realized that the party with which he was connected was rapidly disintegrating and passing away. Its obnoxious principles are driving men from its ranks continually.

The N. Y. *Observer*, a religious paper, says it is painful to observe papers now opposing the measures of the Government, which formerly made support of the Government a test of loyalty. It certainly is a painful truth, but the *Observer* should be patient; the Democracy are whipping them in, and may eventually be able to make them mind their manners and perform their duty.

It cannot be successfully disguised that it is the deliberate purpose of the Radical leaders to open a head-on collision with this winter upon President Johnson, all the more to be deplored because at this period, of all others, harmony should prevail for the more auspicious result of the critical experiment now pending. If it was disloyal to criticize the policy of the President while war was raging, it is not the less so to do it now; and more especially to organize an open opposition to that policy which is the only present pledge of hope of practical reunion that we have.—Boston Post.

The Hon. C. L. Vallandigham telegraphs to the *New York Daily News* that the Democratic gain in Ohio in the recent election, as compared with the vote for Governor Brough, is seventy-six thousand, and since last fall thirty-five thousand, with double the number of Democratic Senators and Representatives in the State Legislature.

Solid Voting.—Monroe county must be the paradise of Democrats. The following are a few examples of the way her people voted at the late election: Coulbath township, 59 for Davis, 6 for Hantrant; Eldred township, 137 for Davis, none for Hantrant; Middle Smithfield township, 213 for Davis, 10 for Hantrant.

W. H. Post, Republican Postmaster at Yonkers, N. Y., has been removed, and L. P. Post, straight-out Democrat, appointed in his place. Look out for the locomotive when the bell rings.

Election officers who may have received the votes of deserters and non-reporting drafted men can rest easy about the howlings of the negro press for their prosecution. They did right if they received the ballots of such persons—when qualified under the laws, and disregarded the "disfranchisement" of them.

Those officers, however, who, refused the votes of deserters and conscripts who were qualified under State laws, are liable to punishment for their refusal, and they cannot take refuge behind the act of Congress, which forbids them to do so.

Be careful, therefore, in your minds, and bring the centralized despotism violators of our State laws to condign punishment at once.—Patriot & Union.

The steamer City of Eton brings foreign news to the 19th ult. Lord Palmerston died on the 18th, at his residence in London, in his 81st year. Earl Russell was generally regarded as his successor in the Cabinet. The deaths from cholera in Fara were said to average 200 per day.

The *New York Express* states that Havana advices confirm the previous accounts of the breaking out of a negro insurrection in Jamaica. Many revolting murders are said to have been perpetrated. In one instance a white magistrate was killed, and his fingers and toes cut off and his bowels ripped open by negro women. The greatest alarm prevailed on the island, and the insurrection was reported to be spreading.

The Toronto correspondent of the *New York Herald* states that the Canadian Government is organizing an army of fifty thousand men to be stationed along the entire frontier from Quebec to Toronto, in contemplation of a Fenian invasion. A panic is also said to prevail, and depredators are withdrawing their funds from the banks.

The elections in New York and New Jersey come off to-morrow.

Thieving is being carried on with a high hand in this town. Self protection demands that instant measures be adopted to put a stop to it. Borough Fathers, what say you?

Winter.—This region was visited by quite a snow storm yesterday.

John & County.

WOOD!—WOOD!—Such of our subscribers as intend paying for the *Compiler* with wood, are requested to deliver it soon. The necessity for warm stoves is already upon us.

LECTURE FOR THE BENEFIT OF EVER GREEN CEMETERY.

The Managers of Ever Green Cemetery are engaged in an effort to raise means to pay the debt of the Association and further improve the grounds. In aid of this object, the Rev. J. R. WALKER has consented to deliver his very interesting and popular Lecture on the "BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG," on Tuesday evening, the 28th of November last. It is hoped that the citizens of town and country generally will avail themselves of this opportunity of enjoying a rich intellectual treat, and aiding the Association in an enterprise, in which all are so deeply interested.

SENATORIAL.—The District Return Judges met at Chambersburg on Friday last, and gave the certificate of election to C. M. Duncan, Esq., his majority over McConaughy being 25 on the whole vote.

McConaughy runs 135 behind the Republican State ticket in the District, and is, by considerable odds, the lowest man on the ticket in this (his own) county. This fact is hardly comforting to his vanity, especially when it is considered that his opponent resides in another county.

It is reported that McConaughy has 70 majority in the 77th Regiment, whilst many of its members say no election was held in the Regiment. Look out for FRAUD!

PROPERTY SALES.—James J. Wills has sold his farm, in Cumberburg township, to T. Bender, of Hanover—219 acres, at \$6,000. Isaac H. Smith has sold his farm, in Highland township, to Daniel N. Knouse—285 acres, at \$3,300.

The farm of Thomas Orr, deceased, in Highland township, has been purchased by Frederick Stockholder—240 acres, at \$33 per acre. George L. Snyder, an Administrator, recently sold the farm of Henry Herber, deceased, in Highland township, to Charles Starnes—154 acres, at \$23 3/4 per acre.

Michael Spangler has purchased Mr. Cannon's share in the corner property, formerly owned by Himes & Stevens, at \$100 cash. Mr. Capron has purchased the corner property, opposite the Court House, from Dr. E. G. Falkenstein, at \$3,000 cash.

James Wilson has sold his house and lot on Chambersburg street, to Geo. Stover, at \$1,250 cash. The property of Geo. W. Schriver, dec'd., on Baltimore street, has been purchased by Daniel Trimmer, at \$3,225.

On Wednesday last, Mr. Samuel Wolf, the new County Commissioner, entered upon his duties as a member of the Board. Mr. Engelmann retired, after having served three years in the most acceptable manner—with credit to himself and to the county. A better Commissioner is seldom or never found.

The Board organized by appointing Mr. March as President. J. M. Walter was re-appointed Clerk, E. B. Buchler, Esq., Counsel, and M. H. Rapp, Court-house Keeper.

The Board now consists of Messrs. Samuel Merck, Abraham Kriesel, of A., and Samuel Wolf.

The foundation of the Soldiers' National Monument has been completed. It is 25 feet square at the bottom, and 22 feet at the top—10 feet high, with 6 feet under ground. It is laid in good cement mortar, and is very substantial.

The headstones are nearly finished—the avenues are being landscaped, and more trees planted. The Cemetery promises to be one of the most attractive spots in the country.

The List of Premiums awarded at the recent Fair of the Adams County Agricultural Society, will be found in our Agricultural Department, on the fourth page. The proceedings of the Teachers' Institute are given on the first page. Both papers are interesting.

The address, charge, obligation, &c., delivered at Christ Church, at the Inauguration of Rev. J. A. Brown, D. D., Professor of Didactic Theology in the Theological Seminary at this place, have been published in pamphlet form, and are for sale at the Book Store of Mr. A. D. Buehler.

There are now growing upon the two farms of Col. J. J. Kuhn, near East Berlin, this county, between two and three miles of Osage Orange Hedge, a good position already owned by the Col. The Col. has succeeded in this matter should stimulate others to a similar effort.

We are gratified to learn that our friend Andrew Delano, Esq., formerly of East Berlin, this county, has been elected Sheriff of Douglas county, Nebraska. This is one of the most populous counties in the Territory, and includes Nebraska City, a thriving place of 8,000 inhabitants.

FAIR WARNING.—All persons not wishing to save money, are hereby notified not to read the advertisement of Danner & Shields in any other column.

The Hanover Branch Company commenced running the Gettysburg Railroad on Wednesday, Nov. 1st.

The 22d Pa. Cavalry are shortly to be mustered out, if it has not already been done.

Cholera.—Fifteen deaths by cholera occurred on the steamer Atlanta, between London and New York. The vessel was ordered to the lower quarantine. Confidant anxiety exists at New York.

MARRIED.

On the 21st of Sept. last, at St. Patrick's Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., by Rev. Father Pagan, Mr. P. KELLY to Miss JENNIE E., only daughter of Col. J. J. Kuhn, of this county.

On the 24th ult., at Conover's Chapel, Mr. FRANCIS SMITH to Miss LOUISE HIGBARD.

On the same day, at the same place, Mr. JOHN McINTYRE to Miss WESTALIA OLNEY.

On the 26th ult., by Rev. M. B. Buehler, Mr. SAMUEL LEBOW to Miss ALICE JACOBS, all of this county.

THE MARKETS.

GETTYSBURG—SATURDAY LAST.

Flour..... 9 25 to 10 00
Rye Flour..... 2 00 to 2 25
White Wheat..... 2 10 to 2 25
Red Wheat..... 2 00 to 2 15
Corn..... 75
Oats..... 37
Suckwheat..... 1 00
Timothy Seed..... 2 50 to 4 00
Flax Seed..... 1 75 to 2 00
Clover Seed..... 6 50 to 7 00

BALTIMORE—FRIDAY LAST.

Flour..... 9 75 to 10 10
Wheat..... 2 00 to 2 30
Rye..... 1 50 to 1 00
Corn..... 65 to 85
Oats..... 47 to 50
Clover-seed..... 8 25 to 8 50
Timothy-seed..... 2 50 to 3 75
Hops, per hundred..... 17 20 to 18 50
Beef Cattle, per head..... 9 50 to 10 75
Hog, per hundred..... 20 30 to 22 00
Whiskey..... 2 36 to 2 38

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS.

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities. These Drops are a scientifically composed and carefully prepared medicine, containing no Pills, Powders or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whom speak in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know ought of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L. LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 185 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally or by mail, (confidentially) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

